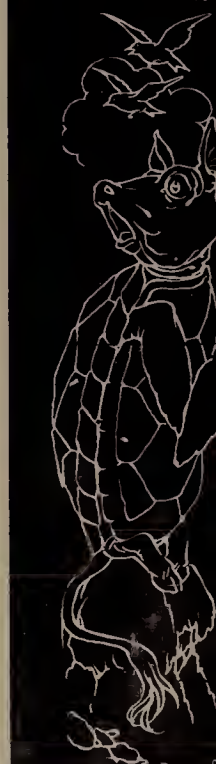
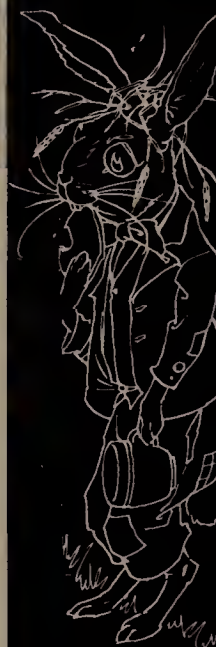
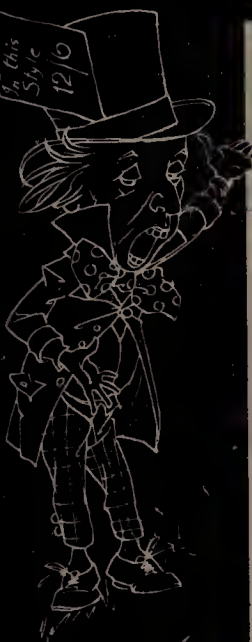




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INGS FROM ALICE

Alice in Wonderland & Through the Looking-Glass



SONGS FROM ALICE

words by Lewis Carroll

music by Don Harper

illustrations by Charles Folkard

Lewis Carroll's inspired nonsense rhymes from *Alice's Adventures in Wonderland* and *Through the Looking Glass* have been set to music before but never so happily as in this book. Composed by Australian jazz violinist Don Harper, the music has a wit and spirit that ideally complement Carroll's words.

Charles Folkard's classic illustrations, originally published in England in 1921, depict the humor of such memorable characters as the Walrus and the Carpenter, the Jabberwock, and Old Father William.

There are piano accompaniments, guitar chords, and additional parts for violin, flute, or recorder.

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SONGS FROM ALICE

Alice in Wonderland & Through the Looking-Glass

Words by LEWIS CARROLL

set to music by DON HARPER

with illustrations by CHARLES FOLKARD



HOLIDAY HOUSE • NEW YORK



'I had to sing "Twinkle, twinkle, little bat!"'

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The Little Crocodile

$\text{♩} = 82$

Introduction

How doth the lit - tle croc - o - dle Im -

prove his shin - ing tail, And pour the wat - ers of the Nile On

ev - ery gol - den scale! How cheer - ful - ly he seems to grin, How

neat - ly spread his claws, And wel - comes lit - tle fish - es in With gent - ly smil - ing jaws!

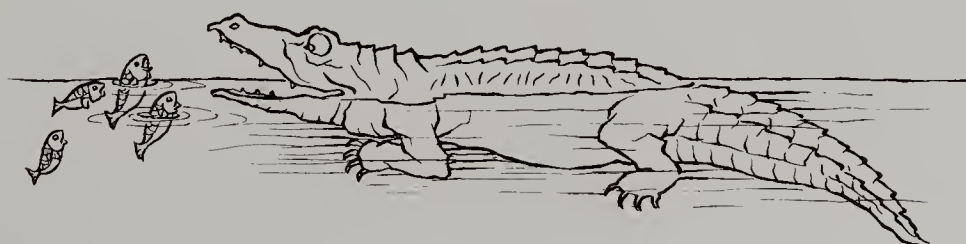
rall.

C7 F (F^{red.}) F Gm7

C7 F (Fmaj7) (F7) Bb Dm7

G7 C7 F Gm7

C7 F (Fmaj7) (7) Bb C7 Fm



Old Father William

$\text{♩} = 92$

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Introduction

"You are old, Fath-er Will-iam," the

young man said, "And your hair has be - come ve - ry white; And

yet you in - ces-sant-ly stand on your head, Do you think, at your age, it is right?

F Dm7 G7 C7 F F

Bb Bbm F G9 Gm7 C7

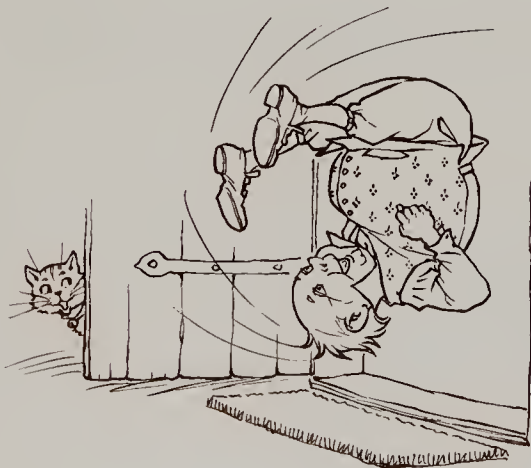
F Fmaj7 F7 Bb6 Bbm6 (9) Dm7 G7 C7 F

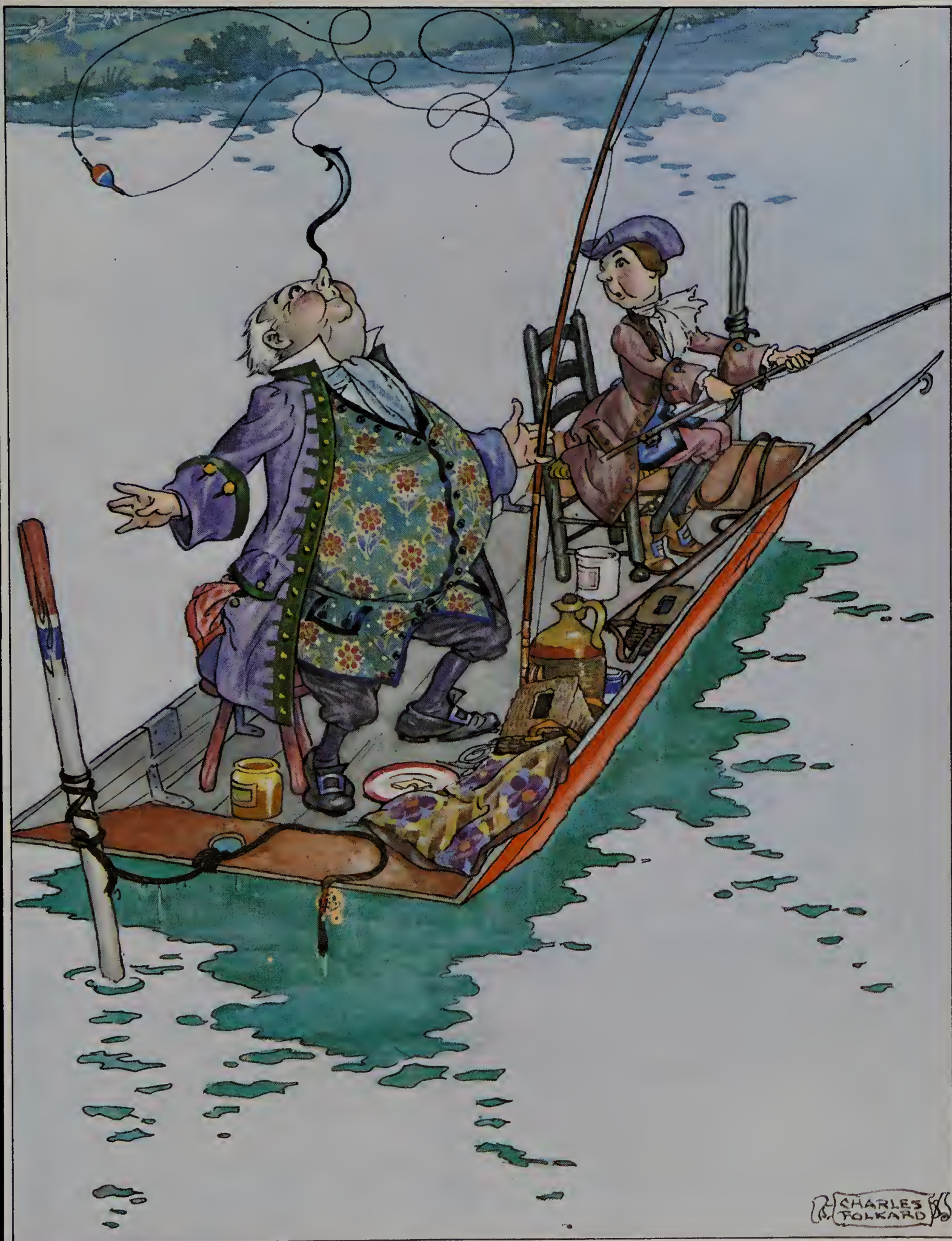
"In my youth," Father William replied to his son,
 "I feared it might injure the brain;
 But, now that I'm perfectly sure I have none,
 Why, I do it again and again."

"You are old," said the youth, "as I mentioned before,
 And have grown most uncommonly fat;
 Yet you turned a back-somersault in at the door—
 Pray, what is the reason of that?"

"In my youth," said the sage, as he shook his grey locks,
 "I kept all my limbs very supple
 By the use of this ointment—one shilling the box—
 Allow me to sell you a couple."

continued overleaf





'Yet you balanced an eel on the end of your nose'

Old Father William ~ continued

The musical score is written for a flute/recorder and piano. It begins with a flute/recorder part in treble clef, followed by a piano accompaniment in grand staff (treble and bass clefs). The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The piano part includes chord symbols: Dm7, G7, C7, F, F, Bb, Bbm, F, G9, Gm7, C7, F, Fmaj7, F7, Bb6, Bbm6(9), Dm7, G7, C7, F, and (fine). A section of the piano part is marked '(before first verse only)'. The score concludes with a double bar line and repeat dots.

"You are old," said the youth, "and your jaws are too weak
For anything tougher than suet;
Yet you finished the goose, with the bones and the beak—
Pray, how did you manage to do it?"

"In my youth," said his father, "I took to the law,
And argued each case with my wife;
And the muscular strength which it gave to my jaw,
Has lasted the rest of my life."

"You are old," said the youth; "one would hardly suppose
That your eye was as steady as ever;
Yet you balanced an eel on the end of your nose—
What made you so awfully clever?"

"I have answered three questions, and that is enough,"
Said his father; "Don't give yourself airs!
Do you think I can listen all day to such stuff?
Be off, or I'll kick you downstairs!"

Twinkle, twinkle, little Bat

♩ = 80

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Introduction

Twink-le, twink-le, lit - tle bat!

D Dm A7 C° Em9 A9 D A7 D

How I won-der what you're at! Up a - bove the world you fly, Like a tea-tray

Em7/A D Em7/A Dmaj7 G D Em7/A

in the sky. Twink-le, twink-le, twink-le, twink-le, twink-le, twink-le,

D Bm7 B+ D E9 Em7

twink-le. *fine*

D G D



Pig and Pepper

♩ = 88

Introduction and interlude

"Speak rough-ly to your

F C7 F F C7 F F

lit - tle boy, And beat him when he snee - zes: He on - ly does it

Gm Gm7 C9 Gm7

CHORUS

to an - noy Be - cause he knows it tea - ses." Wow! Wow!

C9 Gm9 C13 F C7

fine

wow! wow! wow! wow! wow! wow! wow! wow! wow! wow!

F C7 Gm Gm7 C9 F



"I speak severely to my boy,
I beat him when he sneezes;
For he can thoroughly enjoy
The pepper when he pleases!"

Chorus

Wow! wow! wow!



'I speak severely to my boy'

The Lobster Quadrille

♩ = 86

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Introduction

"Will you walk a lit - tle fas - ter?" said a

Cmaj7 B⁺₇ Em Em

whit-ing to a snail. "There's a por-poise close be-hind me, and he's

G B7 Em G G⁺

tread-ing on my tail. See how eag-er - ly the lob-sters and the

G6 B7 (b9) Em7 Am E7



turt-les all ad-vance! They are wait-ing on the shing-le, will you

Am Am7. F#m7 (b5) Em Eb+

come and join the dance? Will you, won't you, will you, won't you, will you join the dance?

G B7 Em B7 Em B7 (b9) Em

Will you, won't you, will you, won't you, won't you join the dance?"

Am7 Em7 Em6 Cmaj7 B7+ (b9) Em

"You can really have no notion how delightful it will be,
 When they take us up and throw us, with the lobsters, out to sea!"
 But the snail replied, "Too far, too far!" and gave a look askance—
 Said he thanked the whiting kindly, but he would not join the dance.
 Would not, could not, would not, could not, would not join the dance.
 Would not, could not, would not, could not, could not join the dance.

continued overleaf

The Lobster Quadrille ~ *continued*

Flute, recorder *ad lib.*

(before first verse only)

Cmaj7 Em Em G B7 Em

G G+ G6 B7(b9) Em7 Am E7

Am Am7 F#m7(b5) Em Eb+ G B7

Em B7 Em B7(b9) Em Am7 Em7 Em6 Cmaj7 B+7 Em (fine)

“What matters it how far we go?” his scaly friend replied;
 “There is another shore, you know, upon the other side.
 The further off from England the nearer is to France—
 Then turn not pale, beloved snail, but come and join the dance.
 Will you, won’t you, will you, won’t you, will you join the dance?
 Will you, won’t you, will you, won’t you, won’t you join the dance?”



CHARLES FOLKARD

'Will you, won't you, will you, won't you, won't you join the dance?'

'Tis the Voice of the Lobster

♩ = 150

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Introduction and interlude

'Tis the voice of the lob-ster; I heard him de-clare,
"You have

Dm7 Am7 G+7 G7 C C D7 G7 C

baked me too, brown, I must sug-ar my hair." As a duck with its eye-lids, so

F C Cm6 G7 Dm7 C6

he with his nose Trims his belt and his but-tons, and turns out his toes. When the

Ebdim Dm7 G7 Adim G7 C

sands are all dry, he is gay as a lark, And will talk in con-temp-tu-ous

A9 Bm7 A7 D7 Dm7

tones of the Shark: But, when the tide ris - es and sharks are a - round, His

voice has a tim-id and trem-u - lous sound.

1st time *2nd time*

fine

I passed by his garden, and marked, with one eye,
 How the Owl and the Panther were sharing a pie;
 The Panther took pie-crust, and gravy, and meat,
 While the Owl had the dish as its share of the treat.
 When the pie was all finished, the Owl, as a boon,
 Was kindly permitted to pocket the spoon:
 While the Panther received knife and fork with a growl,
 And concluded the banquet——



Beautiful Soup

$\text{♩} = 70$

Introduction

Beau-ti - ful Soup, so rich and green, Wait - ing in a
 Beau-ti - ful Soup! Who cares for fish, Game, or an - y

C G7 C G7 C Dm7 Am7

hot tur - een! Who for such dain-ties would not stoop? Soup of the eve - ning,
 oth - er dish? Who would not give all else for two p - en - ny - worth on - ly of

Dm7 Em G7 C Dm7 C Fmaj7 Em7

beau - ti - ful Soup! Soup of the eve - ning, beau - ti - ful Soup!
 beau - ti - ful Soup? Pen - ny - worth on - ly of beau - ti - ful Soup!

Dm7 Em7 Fmaj7 Em7 Dm7 G7 Dm7 Em7

Beau - oo - ti - ful Soo - oop! Beau - oo - ti - ful Soo - oop! Soo - oop of the

Dm7 Dm7 Dm7 Dm7 C

e - e - eve - ning, Beau - ti - ful, beau - ti - ful Soup! *fine*

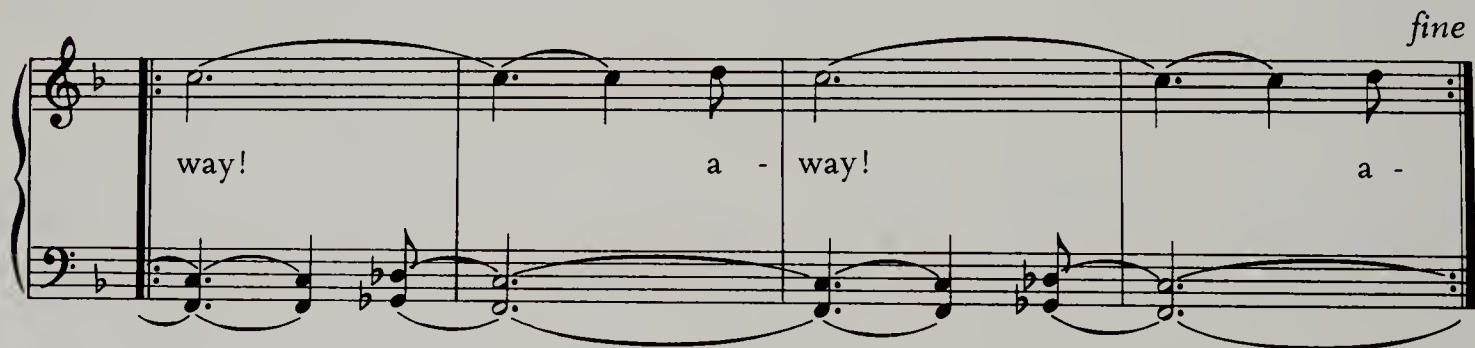
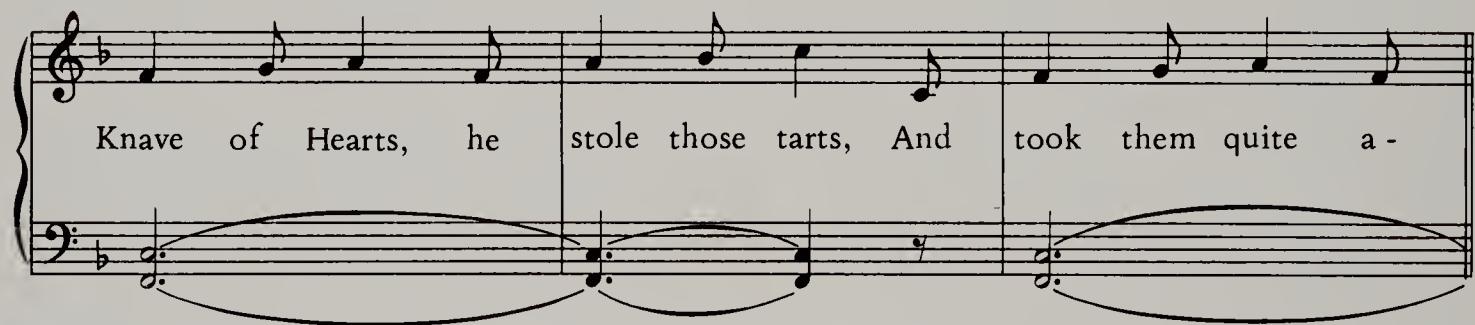
Am7 Dm7 G7 C



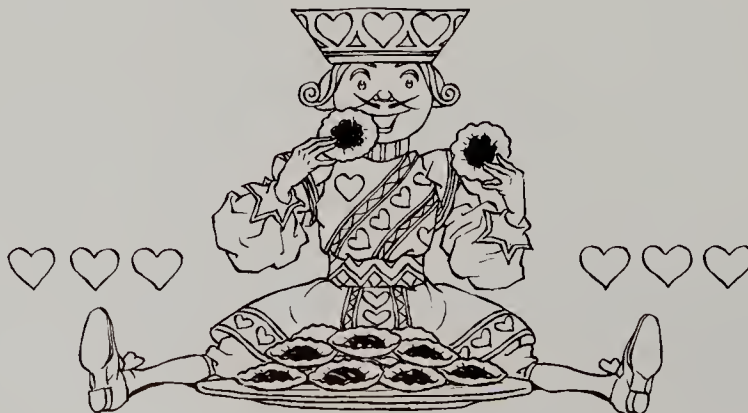
'Beau—ootiful Soo—oop!'

The Queen of Hearts

J. = 88



*Keep repeating and
fade gradually.*



Between Yourself and Me

♩. = 90

The musical score is written for piano and flute/recorder. It begins with a tempo marking of ♩. = 90. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#), and the time signature is 6/8. The score is divided into three systems. The first system includes an 'Introduction' section followed by the lyrics 'They told me you had been to her, And'. The second system continues the lyrics 'men-tioned me to him: She gave me a good cha-rac-ter, But'. The third system includes a section marked '1, 2, 3, 4 & 5' followed by 'last verse' and ends with 'fine'. The lyrics for the third system are 'said I could not swim. He tween your-self and me.' Chord symbols are provided below the piano part: D, D, Dmaj7, D7, G, Em7, Bm7, E7, A7, Em7, A7, and D.

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Introduction

They told me you had been to her, And

men-tioned me to him: She gave me a good cha-rac-ter, But

1, 2, 3, 4 & 5 last verse

said I could not swim. He tween your-self and me. fine

D D Dmaj7 D7 G Em7 Bm7 E7 A7 Em7 A7 D

He sent them word I had not gone,
(We know it to be true):
If she should push the matter on,
What would become of you?

I gave her one, they gave him two,
You gave us three or more;
They all returned from him to you,
Though they were mine before.

If I or she should chance to be
Involved in this affair,
He trusts to you to set them free,
Exactly as we were.

My notion was that you had been
(Before she had this fit)
An obstacle that came between
Him, and ourselves, and it.

Don't let him know she liked them best,
For this must ever be
A secret, kept from all the rest,
Between yourself and me.

Jabberwocky

♩ = 82

Introduction and interlude 'Twas brill-ig, and the sli - thy toves Did

gyre and gim - ble in the wabe; All mim-sy were the bor - o - goves, And

the mome raths out - grabe. *Last time only* *rall.* *fine*

Chords: G, D7, G, G, C, G, D9, Am7, D7, G, G7, C, Bm, Am7, D13, G, (slower) D7, G

"Beware the Jabberwock, my son!
The jaws that bite, the claws that catch!
Beware the Jubjub bird, and shun
The frumious Bandersnatch!"

And as in uffish thought he stood,
The Jabberwock, with eyes of flame,
Came whiffling through the tulgey wood,
And burbled as it came!

He took his vorpal sword in hand:
Long time the manxome foe he sought—
So rested he by the Tumtum tree,
And stood awhile in thought.

One, two! One, two! And through and through
The vorpal blade went snicker-snack!
He left it dead, and with its head
He went galumphing back.

"And hast thou slain the Jabberwock?
Come to my arms, my beamish boy!
O frabjous day! Callooh! Callay!"
He chortled in his joy.

'Twas brillig, and the slithy toves
Did gyre and gimble in the wabe;
All mimsy were the borogoves,
And the mome raths outgrabe.



'Beware the Jabberwock, my son!'

Tweedledum and Tweedledee

♩ = 82

Introduction

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Twee-dle-dum and Twee-dle-dee A-

greed to have a bat - tle; For Twee-dle - dum said Twee-dle - dee Had

spoiled his nice new rat - tle. Just then flew down a mon-strous crow, As

black as a tar bar - rel; Which fright-ened both the her - oes so, They

quite for-got their quar-rel. *fine*

G7 C Fm Cmaj7



The Walrus and the Carpenter

♩. = 80

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Introduction and interlude

The sun was shin - ing on the sea,

C

Shin-ing with all his might. He did his ver - y best to make The

Em7 Dm7 G7 Cmaj7 Am

bil - lows smooth and bright And this was odd, be - cause it was the

D13 G7 D7

(after last verse only) *(8va --- 7)*

mid - dle of the night.

G7 D7 G7 C

The moon was shining sulkily,
Because she thought the sun
Had got no business to be there
After the day was done—
"It's very rude of him," she said,
"To come and spoil the fun!"

The sea was wet as wet could be,
The sands were dry as dry.
You could not see a cloud, because
No cloud was in the sky:
No birds were flying overhead—
There were no birds to fly.

continued overleaf

The Walrus and the Carpenter ~ continued

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Em7 Dm7 G7 Cmaj7 Am

D13 G7 D7

Last time only

(8va - - -)

fine

G7 D7 G7 C

The musical score is written for piano and flute/recorder. It consists of five systems of staves. The first system has a treble staff with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature. The piano part is in the bass clef. The second system continues the piano part with chords Em7, Dm7, G7, Cmaj7, and Am. The third system continues the piano part with chords D13, G7, and D7. The fourth system includes the instruction 'Last time only' and ends with a 'fine' marking. The fifth system continues the piano part with chords G7, D7, G7, and C. The flute/recorder part is written in the treble staff and includes a key signature change to two flats in the fourth system.

The Walrus and the Carpenter
 Were walking close at hand;
 They wept like anything to see
 Such quantities of sand:
 "If this were only cleared away,"
 They said, "it would be grand!"

"If seven maids with seven mops
 Swept it for half a year,
 Do you suppose," the Walrus said,
 "That they could get it clear?"
 "I doubt it," said the Carpenter,
 And shed a bitter tear.

continued overleaf



'They wept like anything to see such quantities of sand'

The Walrus and the Carpenter ~ continued

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Em7 Dm7 G7 Cmaj7 Am

D13 G7 D7

(after last verse only) (8va - 1)

G7 D7 G7 C

"O Oysters, come and walk with us!"
 The Walrus did beseech.
 "A pleasant walk, a pleasant talk,
 Along the briny beach:
 We cannot do with more than four,
 To give a hand to each."

The eldest Oyster looked at him,
 But never a word he said:
 The eldest Oyster winked his eye,
 And shook his heavy head—
 Meaning to say he did not choose
 To leave the oyster-bed.

But four young Oysters hurried up,
All eager for the treat:
Their coats were brushed, their faces washed,
Their shoes were clean and neat—
And this was odd, because, you know,
They hadn't any feet.

Four other Oysters followed them,
And yet another four;
And thick and fast they came at last,
And more, and more, and more—
All hopping through the frothy waves,
And scrambling to the shore.

The Walrus and the Carpenter
Walked on a mile or so,
And then they rested on a rock
Conveniently low:
And all the little Oysters stood
And waited in a row.

"The time has come," the Walrus said,
"To talk of many things:
Of shoes—and ships—and sealing-wax—
Of cabbages—and kings—
And why the sea is boiling hot—
And whether pigs have wings."

"But wait a bit," the Oysters cried,
"Before we have our chat;
For some of us are out of breath,
And all of us are fat!"
"No hurry!" said the Carpenter:
They thanked him much for that.

continued overleaf



The Walrus and the Carpenter ~ continued

Flute, recorder *ad lib.*

Em7 Dm7 G7 Cmaj7 Am

D13 G7 D7

(after last verse only) (8va --- 7)

G7 D7 G7 C

"A loaf of bread," the Walrus said,
 "Is what we chiefly need:
 Pepper and vinegar besides
 Are very good indeed—
 Now, if you're ready, Oysters dear,
 We can begin to feed."

"But not on us!" the Oysters cried,
 Turning a little blue.
 "After such kindness, that would be
 A dismal thing to do!"
 "The night is fine," the Walrus said.
 "Do you admire the view?"

"It was so kind of you to come!
And you are very nice!"
The Carpenter said nothing but
"Cut us another slice:
I wish you were not quite so deaf—
I've had to ask you twice!"

"It seems a shame," the Walrus said,
"To play them such a trick,
After we've brought them out so far,
And made them trot so quick!"
The Carpenter said nothing, but
"The butter's spread too thick!"

"I weep for you," the Walrus said:
"I deeply sympathize."
With sobs and tears he sorted out
Those of the largest size,
Holding his pocket-handkerchief
Before his streaming eyes.

"O Oysters," said the Carpenter,
"You've had a pleasant run!
Shall we be trotting home again?"
But answer came there none—
And this was scarcely odd, because
They'd eaten every one.



Humpty Dumpty

$\text{♩} = 74$

Introduction
Loud
f
Dm7

Softly
p
Dm7

Hump - ty Dump - ty sat on a wall: Hump - ty Dump - ty

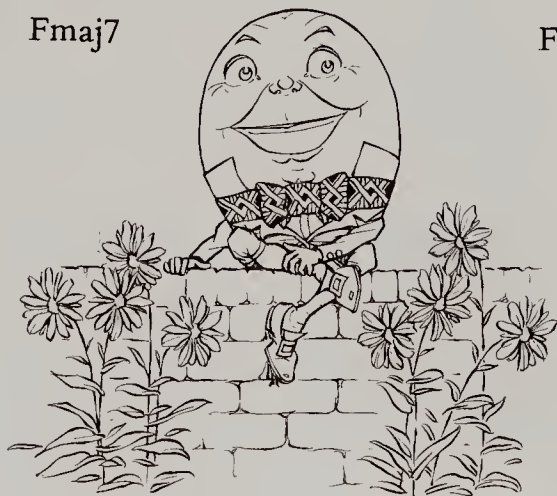
Dm7 G7 C Dm7

had a great fall. All the King's hor - ses and all the King's men

G9 Cmaj7 Am

Could-n't put Hump-ty Dump-ty in his place a - gain. *fine*

Fmaj7 F6 Em Dm



Little Fishes

♩ = 94

Introduction (melody is lower part) *Boogie woogie style* *Flute, recorder ad lib.*

In win-ter, when the fields are white, I

C7 F7 1,2 etc. last verse only

try and tell you what I mean. In

Bb7 Bb7 A7 Ab7 Bb

In summer, when the days are long,
Perhaps you'll understand my song:

In autumn, when the leaves are brown,
Take pen and ink, and write it down.

I sent a message to the fish:
I told them "This is what I wish."

The little fishes of the sea,
They sent an answer back to me.

continued overleaf



Little Fishes ~ continued

Flute, recorder ad lib.

(before first verse only)

G7 C7

1,2 etc. last time

F7 Bb7 Bb7 A7 Ab7 Bb

fine

The little fishes' answer was
"We cannot do it, Sir, because——"

I sent to them again to say
"It will be better to obey."

The fishes answered, with a grin,
"Why, what a temper you are in!"

I told them once, I told them twice:
They would not listen to advice.

I took a kettle large and new,
Fit for the deed I had to do.

My heart went hop, my heart went thump;
I filled the kettle at the pump.

Then someone came to me, and said
"The little fishes are in bed."

I said to him, I said it plain,
"Then you must wake them up again."

I said it very loud and clear;
I went and shouted in his ear.

But he was very stiff and proud;
He said "You needn't shout so loud!"

And he was very proud and stiff;
He said "I'd go and wake them, if——"

I took a corkscrew from the shelf:
I went to wake them up myself.

And when I found the door was locked,
I pulled and pushed, and kicked and knocked.

And when I found the door was shut,
I tried to turn the handle, but——



'I went and shouted in his ear'

The Lion and the Unicorn

♩ = 98

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Introduction

The

Li-on and the U-ni-corn were fight-ing for the crown; The

Gm7

C7

F

A+7

Dm7

Li-on beat the U-ni-corn all round the town. Some gave them white bread and

G

G7

Cmaj7

C

Am

some gave them brown; Some gave them plum cake and

Dm7

G7

Am

Am7

Dm9

fine

drummed them out of town.

G7(13)

C



A-Sitting on a Gate

♩ = 84

Introduction

I'll tell thee ev - ery - thing I can; There's

lit - tle to re - late. I saw an a - ged, a - ged man, A - sit - ting on a gate. "Who

are you, a - ged man?" I said, "And how is it you live?" And his

ans - wer trick - led through my head Like wat - er through a sieve. He

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8

He said, "I look for butterflies
That sleep among the wheat:
I make them into mutton pies,
And sell them in the street.
I sell them unto men," he said,
"Who sail on stormy seas;
And that's the way I get my bread—
A trifle, if you please."

But I was thinking of a plan
To dye one's whiskers green,
And always use so large a fan
That they could not be seen.
So, having no reply to give
To what the old man said,
I cried, "Come, tell me how you live!"
And thumped him on the head.

continued overleaf

A-Sitting on a Gate ~ continued

(before first verse only)

Dm A7 Dm

Gm Dm Gm Gm7 A7 Dm A7 Dm

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8

Gm Dm Gm7 Gm⁶ A7 Dm

His accents mild took up the tale:
 He said, "I go my ways,
 And when I find a mountain-rill,
 I set it in a blaze;
 And thence they make a stuff they call
 Rowlands' Macassar Oil—
 Yet twopence-halfpenny is all
 They give me for my toil!"

But I was thinking of a way
 To feed oneself on batter,
 And so go on from day to day
 Getting a little fatter.
 I shook him well from side to side,
 Until his face was blue:
 "Come, tell me how you live," I cried,
 "And what it is you do!"

He said, "I hunt for haddocks' eyes
 Among the heather bright,
 And work them into waistcoat-buttons
 In the silent night.
 And these I do not sell for gold
 Or coin of silvery shine,
 But for a copper halfpenny,
 And that will purchase nine.

continued overleaf



'He said, "I look for butterflies that sleep among the wheat"'

A-Sitting on a Gate ~ continued

(before first verse only)

Dm A7 Dm

Gm Dm Gm Gm7 A7 Dm A7 Dm

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8

Gm Dm Gm7 Gm⁶ A7 Dm

"I sometimes dig for buttered rolls,
Or set limed twigs for crabs;
I sometimes search the grassy knolls
For wheels of Hansom-cabs.
And that's the way" (he gave a wink)
"By which I get my wealth—
And very gladly will I drink
Your Honour's noble health."

I heard him then, for I had just
Completed my design
To keep the Menai bridge from rust
By boiling it in wine.
I thanked him much for telling me
The way he got his wealth,
But chiefly for his wish that he
Might drink my noble health.

And now, if e'er by chance I put
My fingers into glue,
Or madly squeeze a right-hand foot
Into a left-hand shoe,
Or if I drop upon my toe
A very heavy weight,
I weep, for it reminds me so Of

9 (3 times)

that old man I used to know, Whose look was mild, whose speech was slow, Whose
face was ver - y like a crow, With
seemed dis-trac - ted with his woe, Who

A+7 Dm A7 A+7 A7

hair was whi - ter than the snow, Whose
eyes, like cin - ders, all a - glow, Who
rocked his bod - y to and fro, And mut-tered mum-bling-ly and low, As

Dm Dm7 D7 Am7 D7

if his mouth were full of dough, Who snort - ed like a buf - fa - lo That

Gm D7 Gm A7 Em7 Fdim

sum - mer eve - ning long a - go, A - sit - ting on a gate. *fine*

A7 Em7 Fdim A7 D



Queen Alice

♩ = 96

Introduction

Flute, recorder ad lib.

To the Look-ing-Glass world it was

C Am7

Al-ice that said, "I've a scep-tre in hand, I've a crown on my head; Let the

Dm7 G+ C Em Am7 Dm7 C C9

Look-ing-Glass crea - tures, what - ev - er they be, Come and dine with the Red Queen, the

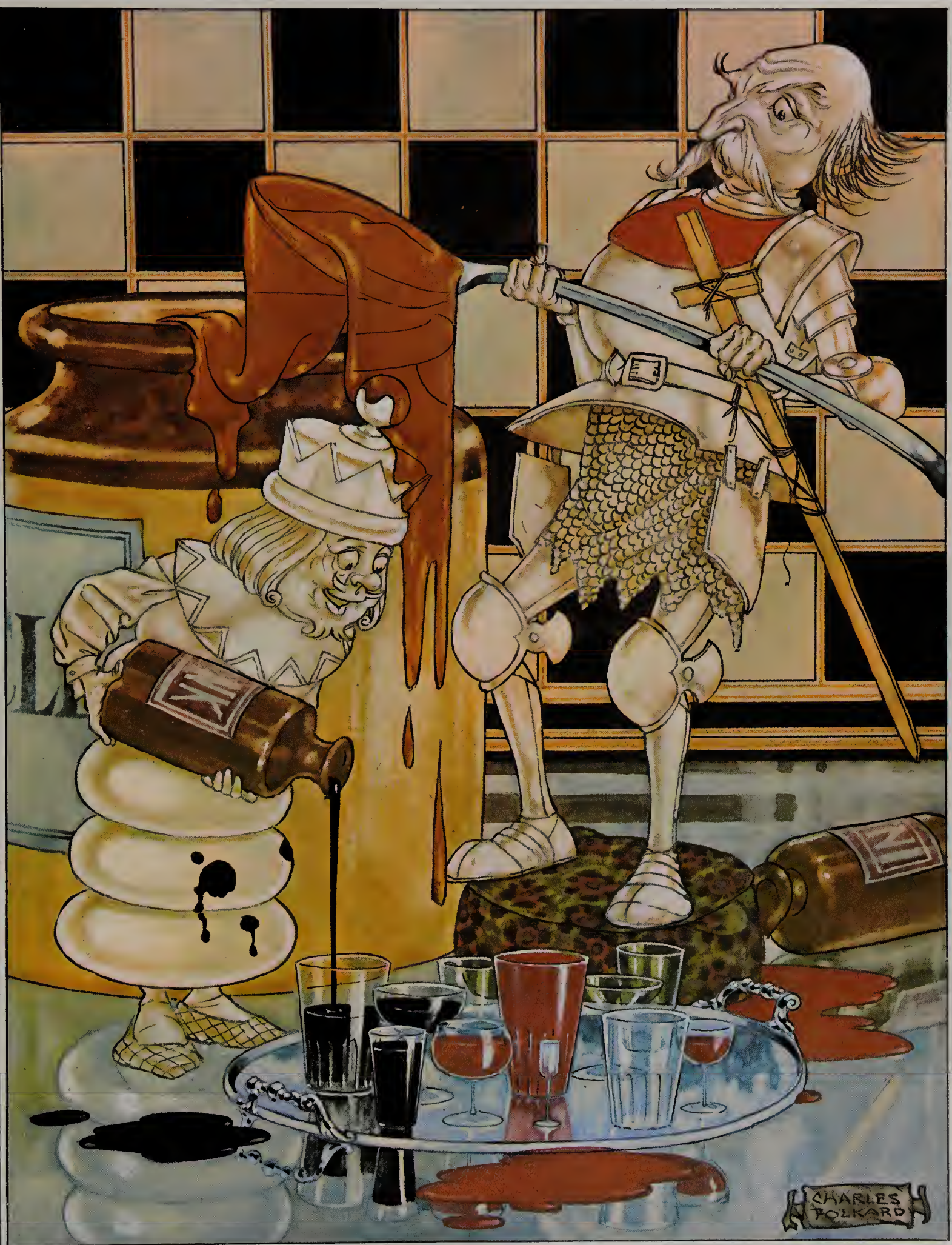
Fmaj7 E7 Am7 D7 Am7 Ebdim

White Queen, and me!" (Then)

Dm7 G7 C

Then fill up the glasses as quick as you can,
And sprinkle the table with buttons and bran:
Put cats in the coffee, and mice in the tea—
And welcome Queen Alice with thirty-times-three!

continued overleaf



'Then fill up the glasses with treacle and ink'

Queen Alice ~ continued

The musical score is written for piano and flute/recorder. It begins with a piano introduction marked "(before first verse only)". The piano part features a series of chords: Dm7, G+, C, Em, Am7, Dm7, C, C9, Fmaj7, E7, Am7, D7, Am7, Ebdim, Dm7, G7, C, and ends with a "fine" marking. The flute/recorder part is marked "ad lib." and includes a melodic line with a repeat sign. The lyrics are written below the piano part.

Flute, recorder ad lib.

(before first verse only)

Dm7 G+ C Em Am7 Dm7 C C9

Fmaj7 E7 Am7 D7 Am7 Ebdim

Dm7 G7 C (fine)

"O Looking-Glass creatures," quoth Alice, "draw near!
 'Tis an honour to see me, a favour to hear:
 'Tis a privilege high to have dinner and tea
 Along with the Red Queen, the White Queen, and me!"

Then fill up the glasses with treacle and ink,
 Or anything else that is pleasant to drink;
 Mix sand with the cider, and wool with the wine—
 And welcome Queen Alice with ninety-times-nine!

Hush-a-by Lady in Alice's Lap

♩ = 122

Flute, recorder ad lib.

Introduction

Hush - a - by Lad - y, in Al - i - ce's

G7 C C Am7 Dm7 G7

lap!

Till the feast's read - y, we've time for a nap:

C Cmaj7 Fmaj7 Dm7 C

When the feast's ov - er, we'll go to the ball - Red Queen, and

Em Fmaj7 D7 G7 C Fmaj7

fine

rall.

White Queen, and Al - ice, and all!

Em7 Am7 Dm7 G7 C



The Fish Riddle

♩. = 82

Flute, recorder ad lib. Bell

(Introduction, interlude and coda)

"First the fish must be caught."

F7 Bb fine Bb Gm

That is eas - y: a ba - by, I think, could have caught it. "Next, the fish

C7 F7 Bb Gm7

must be bought." That is eas - y: a pen - ny, I think, would have bought it.

Bbm6 C9 F13 Bb



"Now cook me the fish!"
That is easy, and will not take more than a minute.
"Let it lie in a dish!"
That is easy, because it already is in it!

"Bring it here. Let me sup!"
It is easy to set such a dish on the table.
"Take the dish-cover up!"
Ah, *that* is so hard that I fear I'm unable!

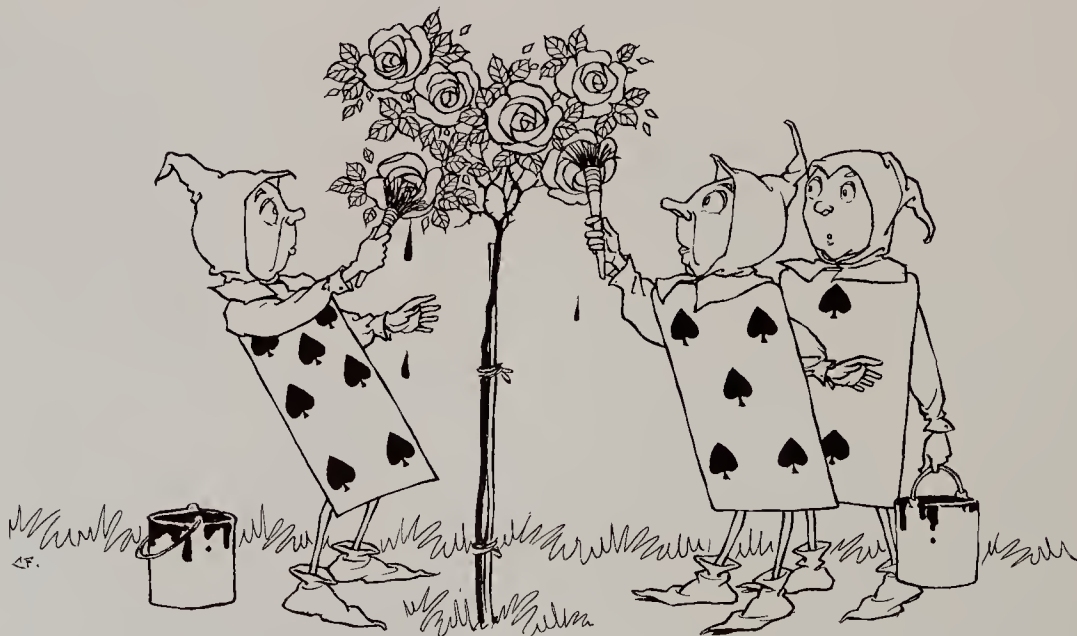
For it holds it like glue—
Holds the lid to the dish, while it lies in the middle:
Which is easiest to do,
Un-dish-cover the fish, or dishcover the riddle?



'For it holds it like glue—holds the lid to the dish'

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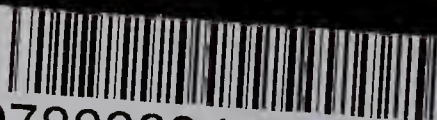
27 SOUTHFULTON

LEWIS CARROLL was the pen name of Charles Lutwidge Dodgson. He was born in England in 1832 and attended Oxford University, where he had a career as a teacher of mathematics. It was his telling stories to a girl named Alice, the daughter of a dean at the University, that led to the creation of *Alice's Adventures in Wonderland* and its sequel, *Through the Looking Glass*. He died in 1898.

DON HARPER is a versatile and accomplished composer and musician who has written the theme and background music for a number of TV shows. As a performing violinist, he plays popular, jazz, and classical music, and has made several recordings.

CHARLES FOLKARD was born in 1878 and died in 1963. He began his career as an artist for a newspaper in London. Later he illustrated a number of classic children's books, including *Grimm's Fairy Tales*, *Aesop's Fables*, *Arabian Nights*, and *Mother Goose Nursery Rhymes*.

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